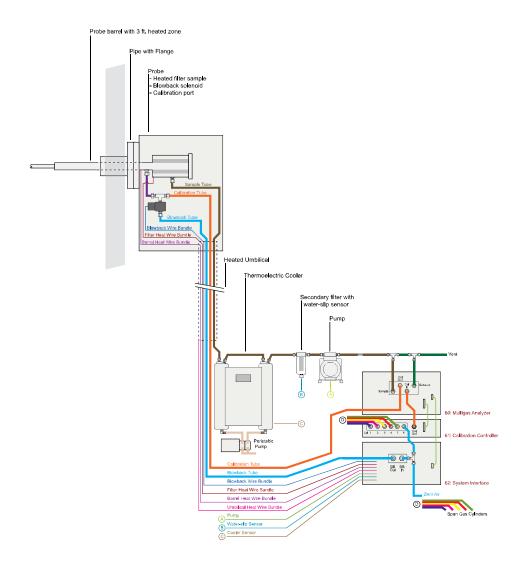
### Model 60i

#### **Quick Start Guide**

Multi-Gas Analyzer Part Number 106474-00 23Jul2009



**Example of a Direct Extractive Continuous Emissions Monitoring System (CEMS)** 



### Unpacking and Inspection

Carefully unpack and inspect the instrument in a non-condensing environment (20-30 °C). Check for possible damage during shipment. Remove packing material and any shipping screws. Remove any protective plastic material from the case exterior. Check that all connectors and circuit boards are firmly attached.

### Setup

Setting up the analyzer includes connecting gas lines, making the data and I/O connections, and making the power connections. Refer to Figure 1 through Figure 4 and Table 1.

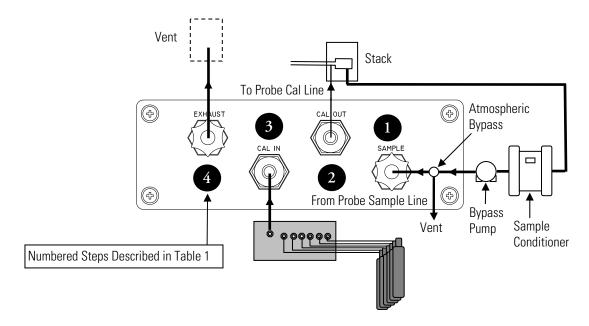


Figure 1. Rear Panel Plumbing Connections for 60i Analyzer and 61i Calibrator

**Table 1.** Connecting Gas Lines

| Step  | Action   |
|---|--|
| Connect the sample line from the chiller/bypass pump to the SAMPLE bulkhead rear panel. Ensure that the sample line is not contaminated by dirty, wet, or incompatible materials. All tubing should be constructed of FEP Teflon® with an 1/4-inch. |  |
|   | <b>Note</b> Sample gas must be filtered and dried when delivered to the analyzer. The filter should have a nominal pore size of 1 micron or less and the dew point must be 2 °C to 8 °C. ▲ |
|   | <b>Note</b> Gas must be delivered to the instrument at atmospheric pressure. Use an atmospheric bypass plumbing arrangement if gas pressure is greater than atmospheric pressure. ▲        |

| Step | Action   |  |
|------|--|--|
| 2    | Connect umbilical calibration gas line to CAL OUT.   |  |
| 3    | Connect the output from the 61i calibration manifold (span gases and zero air) to CAL IN via ¼-inch tubing.  |  |
| 4    | Connect the EXHAUST bulkhead to a suitable vent. The exhaust line should be ¼-inch OD with an ID of 1/8-inch or greater. The length of the exhaust line should be less than 10 feet. Verify that there is no restriction in this line. |  |

**Note** If calibration gases will not be introduced through the sample probe, see the "Calibration" chapter in the "Model 60i Instruction Manual" for alternative plumbing arrangement.  $\blacktriangle$ 

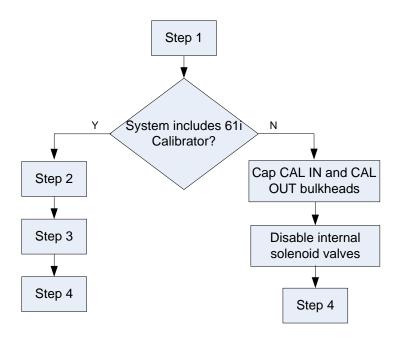


Figure 2. Flowchart of Setup for Systems with a 61i Calibrator

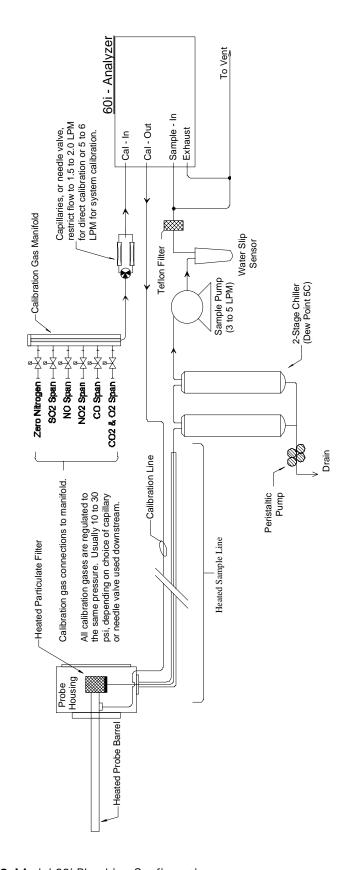


Figure 3. Model 60i Plumbing Configuration

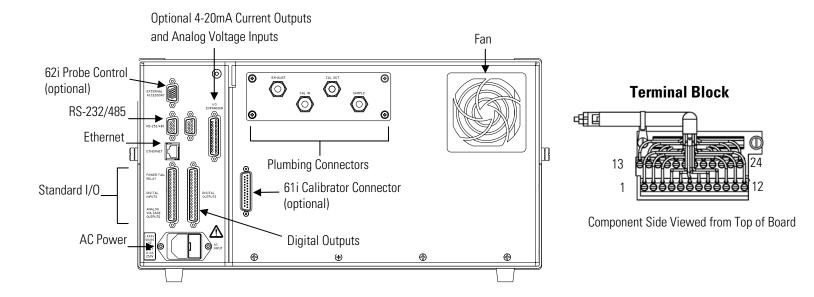


Figure 4. Rear Panel Connectors

# Making Data and I/O Connections

Data acquisition and external control are implemented through Ethernet, RS-232 or a dedicated I/O system and analog outputs. If a dedicated I/O system will be used, connections are made through terminal block PCB assemblies with a D-Sub connector on one side and a series of screw terminals on the other. Refer to the "Installation" chapter in the "Model 60*i* Instruction Manual" for detailed information on I/O configuration. Refer to Figure 5 and Table 2 for information on analog outputs and the most commonly used digital inputs. Refer to Table 3 for information on optional analog current outputs and optional analog voltage outputs (I/O expansion board 25-pin connector.)

The following terminal block PCB assemblies are available for iSeries instruments:

- I/O terminal block PCB assembly, 37 pin (standard)
- D/O terminal block PCB assembly, 37 pin (standard)
- 25-pin terminal block PCB assembly (included with optional I/O Expansion Board)

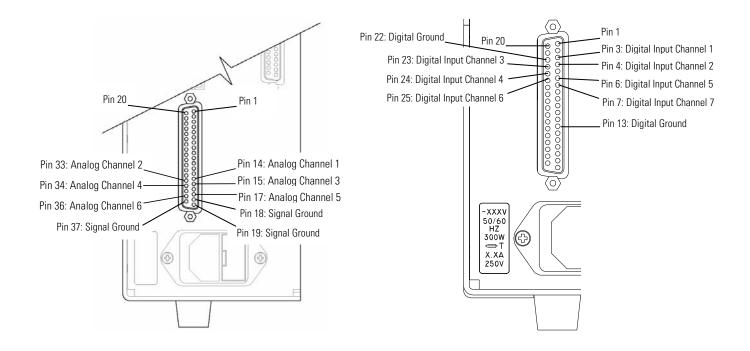


Figure 5. Pin Outs of Analog Voltage Outputs and Digital Inputs

**Table 2.** Default Analog Voltage Outputs and Digital Inputs (Left Side 37-Pin Connector)

| Rear Panel<br>Connector Pin | Terminal Block<br>Screw Number | Description         | Default<br>Assignment* |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| 14                          | 14 1                           |                     | O <sub>2</sub> Conc.   |
| 33                          | 3                              | Analog Out #2       | CO <sub>2</sub> Conc.  |
| 15                          | 5                              | Analog Out #3       | CO Conc.               |
| 34                          | 7                              | Analog Out #4       | NO <sub>x</sub> Conc.  |
| 17                          | 9                              | Analog Out #5       | SO <sub>2</sub> Conc.  |
| 36                          | 11                             | Analog Out #6       | None                   |
| 16,18,19,35,37              | 2,4,6,8,10,12                  | Signal<br>Grounds   | NA                     |
| 1                           | 13                             | Power Fail<br>(NC)  | NA                     |
| 20                          | 14                             | Power Fail<br>(Com) | NA                     |
| 21                          | 15                             | Power Fail<br>(NO)  | NA                     |
| 3                           | 16                             | TTL Input 1         | Turn Pump Off          |
| 4                           | 17                             | TTL Input 2         | Trigger Blow Back      |

| Rear Panel<br>Connector Pin | Terminal Block<br>Screw Number | Description        | Default<br>Assignment*     |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|
| 23                          | 18                             | TTL Input 3        | Zero IR Bench              |
| 24                          | 19                             | TTL Input 4        | Zero O <sub>2</sub> Sensor |
| 13, 22                      | 20, 24                         | Digital<br>Grounds | NA                         |
| 6                           | 21                             | TTL Input 5        | Span Using Cyl 1           |
| 25                          | 22                             | TTL Input 6        | Span Using Cyl 2           |
| 7                           | 23                             | TTL Input 7        | Span Using Cyl 3           |

**Note** The pin numbers on the connector do not match the pin numbers on the terminal blocks.  $\blacktriangle$ 

\*Note All channels are user definable. If any customization has been made to the analog output configuration or TTL inputs, the default selections may not apply. Defaults shown are for a fully-equipped analyzer. ▲

**Table 3.** Optional Analog Current Outputs and Analog Voltage Inputs (I/O Expansion Board 25-Pin Connector)

| Rear Panel<br>Connector Pin | Terminal Block<br>Screw Number | Signal Description |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|
| 15                          | 1                              | IOut1              |
| 13                          | 2                              | Isolated ground    |
| 17                          | 3                              | IOut2              |
| 16                          | 4                              | Isolated ground    |
| 19                          | 5                              | IOut3              |
| 18                          | 6                              | Isolated ground    |
| 21                          | 7                              | IOut4              |
| 20                          | 8                              | Isolated ground    |
| 23                          | 9                              | IOut5              |
| 22                          | 10                             | Isolated ground    |
| 25                          | 11                             | IOut6              |
| 24                          | 12                             | Isolated ground    |
| 1                           | 13                             | Analog_In1         |
| 2                           | 14                             | Analog_In2         |
| 3                           | 15                             | Analog_In3         |
| 4                           | 16                             | Ground             |

| Rear Panel<br>Connector Pin | Terminal Block<br>Screw Number | Signal Description |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|
| 5                           | 17                             | Analog_In4         |
| 6                           | 18                             | Analog_In5         |
| 7                           | 19                             | Analog_In6         |
| 8                           | 20                             | Ground             |
| 9                           | 21                             | Analog_In7         |
| 10                          | 22                             | Analog_In8         |
| 11                          | 23                             | Ground             |
| 14                          | 24                             | Ground             |

**Power Connections** Before the power cord is connected, be sure that the front panel power switch is OFF and be sure to verify that the local power matches the label on the back of the analyzer.



**WARNING** The Model 60*i* is supplied with a three-wire grounded power cord. Under no circumstances should this grounding system be defeated. ▲

### Startup

Use the following procedure when starting the instrument.

- Turn the power ON and allow two hours for the instrument to stabilize.
- 2. Set instrument parameters such as operating ranges and averaging times to appropriate settings. For more information about instrument parameters, see the "Operation" chapter in the "Model 60i Instruction Manual."
- 3. Before beginning the actual monitoring, perform a calibration as described in the "Calibration" chapter in the "Model 60i Instruction Manual."

#### Shutdown

Use the following procedure when shutting down the instrument.

- 1. Connect a clean air source to the SAMPLE connection and allow the instrument to purge pollutants for at least 10 minutes.
- 2. Turn the power OFF.
- 3. Cover instrument gas ports when not in use.

## **IMPORTANT TIPS**

#### DO NOT

- Do not pressurize the analyzer with sample.
- Do not allow liquids to enter the sample port.
- Do not expose the instrument to vibration or magnetic interference.
- Do not remove/adjust the small circular entrance or exit mirrors in the optical bench.

#### D0

- Use an external pump with atmospheric bypass dump to deliver the sample gas to the instrument.
- Filter/condition sample stream. Sample dew point must be between 2 °C and 8 °C.
- Operate the instrument in a climate controlled environment (15-30 °C).
- Set DHCP to OFF when changing the IP address. If DHCP is ON, the instrument will respond with "Not Settable if DHCP is ON." For more information on DHCP, see the "Operation" chapter in the "Model 60*i* Instruction Manual."

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Specifications, terms and pricing are subject to change. Not all products are available in all countries. Please consult your local sales representative for details.

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# **Troubleshooting**

The following table describes possible power-up failures and provides the recommended action to take to restore the system to normal operation.

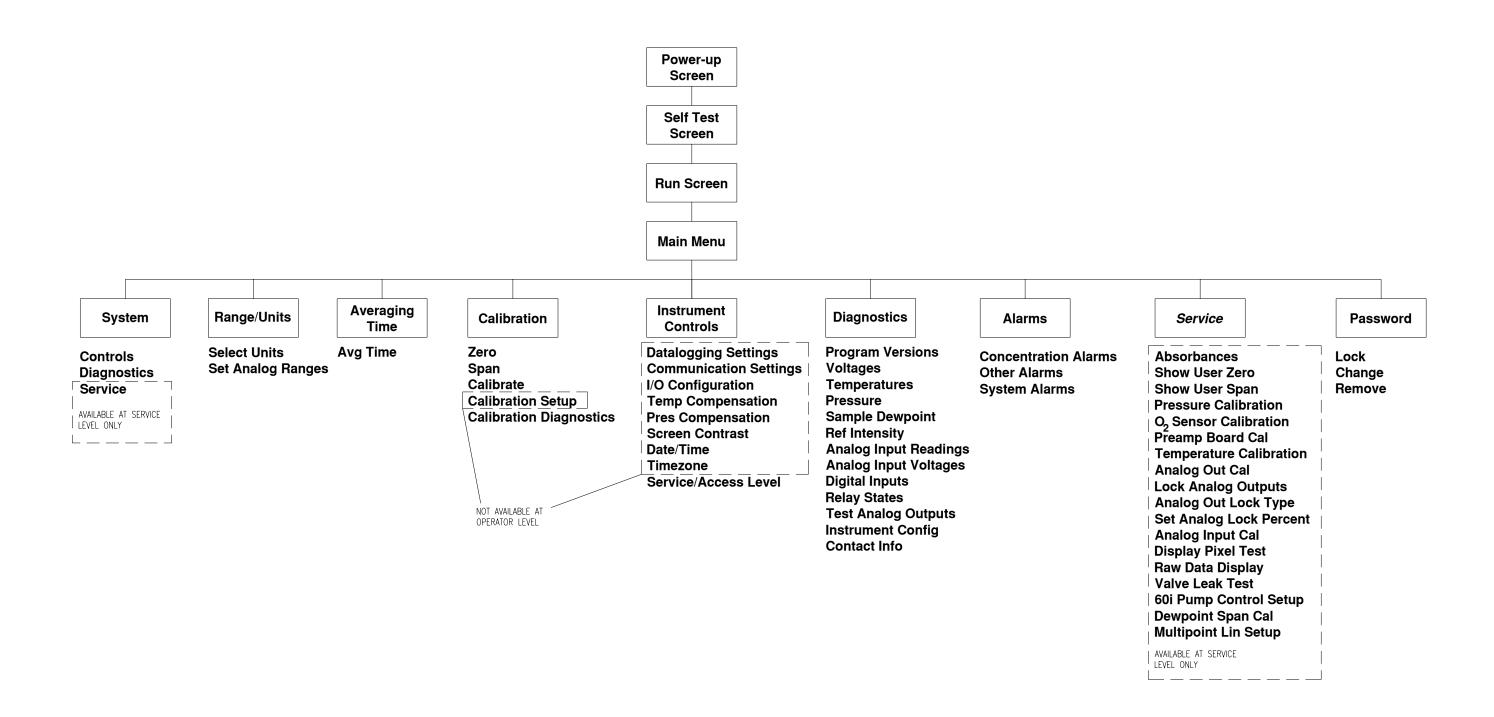
#### **Troubleshooting Power-Up Failures**

| Malfunction  | Possible Cause                        | Action  |
|--|---------------------------------------|---|
| Does not start - the light on the power switch does not come ON. | No power or wrong power configuration | Check the line to confirm that power is available and that it matches the voltage and frequency configuration of the instrument.              |
|  | Main fuse is blown or missing         | Unplug the power cord, open the fuse drawer on the back panel, and check the fuses visually or with a multimeter. Replace fuses as necessary. |
|  | Bad switch or wiring connection       | Unplug the power cord, disconnect the switch and check operation with a multimeter. Replace switch as necessary.                              |
| Display does not come on - light on power switch does come ON.   | DC power supply failure               | Check the green LED on the back edge of the power supply. If the LED is off, the power supply failed.   |
|  | DC power distribution failure         | Check surface mount LEDs labeled "24V PWR" on<br>the motherboard and the interface board. If lit, the<br>power is OK.                         |
|  | Display failure                       | If possible, check instrument function through RS-232 or Ethernet.  |
|  |                                       | Reboot instrument.  |
|  | Ribbon cable disconnected             | Check ribbon cable on side of display board.  |

The following table describes possible alarm messages that may be displayed during start up and provides the recommended action to take to restore the system to normal operation.

#### **Troubleshooting Alarm Messages**

| Alarm<br>Message                 | Possible Cause                              | Action  |
|----------------------------------|---|---|
| Sample Flow                      | Pump defective                              | Repair or replace pump.   |
| ·                                | Pump disconnected                           | Connect pump.   |
|                                  | Defective or disconnected flow switch cable | Check flow switch cable.  |
|                                  | Improper alarm threshold setting            | Reset the alarm threshold.  |
|                                  | Plumbing connection/configuration           | Check plumbing connections.   |
| Bench Temp                       | Instrument not warmed up                    | Allow more time for instrument to reach proper operating temperature.   |
|                                  | Heater not plugged in                       | Plug in heater.   |
|                                  | Defective heater or defective heater wires  | Check resistance of heater wires. Unplug heater connector and use an ohmmeter to measure resistance across pins 3 and 4. Normal resistance should be approx. 290 $\Omega$ . A higher resistance reading indicates that a heater is defective. Checking pins 1 and 2 should result in a 10K $\Omega$ reading. An open reading indicates a failed heater or wiring. |
|                                  | Improper alarm threshold setting            | Reset the alarm threshold.  |
|                                  | Overheating – fan problem                   | Check fan operation.  |
| Detector                         | Cable voltage                               | Check cable.  |
| Board Status                     | Optical pickup not plugged in               | Plug in optical pickup.   |
| NOTE The fol                     | lowing board related alarms only occur      | during power up or reboot.  |
| Alarm -<br>Interface<br>Status   | Internal cables not connected               | Check that all internal cables are connected properly. Cycle AC power to  |
| Alarm - I/O                      | properly                                    | instrument.   |
| Exp Status                       | Defective board                             | If still alarming, change board.  |
| Alarm -<br>Motherboard<br>Status |   |   |



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